Goal

•This paper studies the effects of human capital on the growth rate of total factor productivity using worldwide panel data from 1950-2019. The metric of human capital used is a combined metric using both the quantity and quality of education in a country.

Hypotheses

Results

- H₀: Human capital is statistically significant and has a positive effect on total factor productivity growth.
- •H₁: Human capital is a positive facilitator of technology diffusion.
- •H₂: There will be a convergence of growth rates in the model.

TFP growth by 0.234%. When the developing nation is very far away from the TFP level of the leader country (ctfp almost 0.0), the contribution of a 10% increase human capital to TFP growth could be upwards of 0.45%. Therefore, the model predicts that a 10% increase in human capital over the 5-year period could increase the annual

average TFP growth rate by

0.234% to 0.45%.

As shown in column (1), an

increase of 10% would increase

Modeling TFP Growth with an Augmented Solow Residual Growth Model

Using Human Capital Measures in Worldwide Panel Data

By: Brayden Binder

	(1)	(2)	(3)
VARIABLES	fe-model1	fe-model2	fe-model3
loghc	0.0234***	0.0216*	0.0216*
	(0.00611)	(0.0111)	(0.0111)
hcratio	-0.0506***	-0.0393***	
	(0.00656)	(0.00652)	
L.growthtfp	0.0264	0.0192	0.0192
	(0.0163)	(0.0161)	(0.0161)
1965.year		-0.00626	-0.00626
		(0.00441)	(0.00441)
1970.year		-0.00511	-0.00511
		(0.00434)	(0.00434)
1975.year		-0.0148***	-0.0148***
		(0.00448)	(0.00448)
1980.year		-0.0303***	-0.0303***
		(0.00463)	(0.00463)
1985.year		-0.0133***	-0.0133***
		(0.00484)	(0.00484)
1990.year		-0.0175***	-0.0175***
		(0.00519)	(0.00519)
1995.year		-0.0105*	-0.0105*
		(0.00553)	(0.00553)
2000.year		-0.00139	-0.00139
		(0.00584)	(0.00584)
2005.year		-0.0117*	-0.0117*
		(0.00619)	(0.00619)
2010.year		-0.0103	-0.0103
		(0.00650)	(0.00650)
2015.year		-0.0192***	-0.0192***
		(0.00682)	(0.00682)
c.ctfp#c.loghc			-0.0393***
			(0.00652)
Constant	0.0145***	0.0217***	0.0217***
	(0.00357)	(0.00595)	(0.00595)
Observations	1,150	1,150	1,150
R-squared	0.061	0.154	0.154
Number of Countries	118	118	118
Standard errors in parentheses	110	T T O	110
*** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1			
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My econometric paper studied the effects of education, through "human capital", on the technological progress of a country. Further, I examined whether the Neoclassical idea of "conditional convergence" is present with TFP growth rates.

What is "human capital"?

• Human capital is the measurement of the relative skills and knowledge of the individual, group, or population.

How is human capital measured for every country

- Quantity
- Evaluated through looking at the average years of schooling of the relative population
- Quality
- Uses international test scores
- Combined
- Combines both the quantity and quality metrics into a single internationallycomparable index

What is
Total Factor
Productivity
(TFP)?

- •TFP can be defined as productivity growth resulting from changes in technology, i.e., productivity growth due to technological progress and innovation
- Synonymously known as technological progress